

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

/ 25

Distance, Mid.Pt., Div.Pt. – 06  
Practice Test

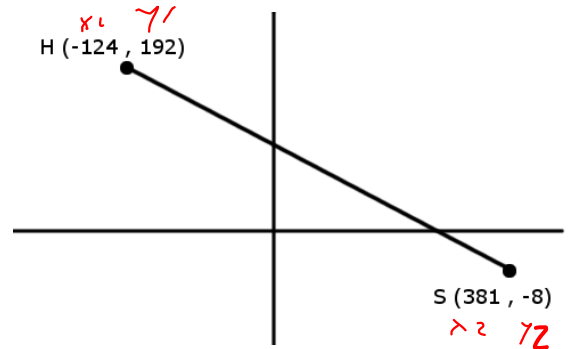
1. Mikey runs from his home, **H (-124, 192)** to school, **S (381, -8)**.

**How far** is Mike's run? (round your answer to the nearest tenth)

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$$\begin{aligned} \text{dist} &= \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(381 - (-124))^2 + ((-8) - 192)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{505^2 + (-200)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{255025 + 40000} \\ &= \sqrt{295025} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &543.162 \\ &\underline{543.2} \end{aligned}$$



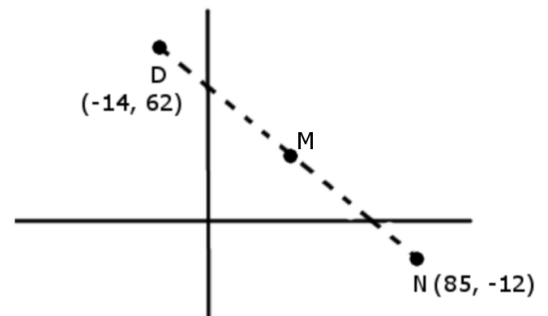
**Answer:** Mike's run covers a distance of 543.2 meters

2. What is the midpoint, **M**, found exactly between points

**D (-14, 62)** and **N (85, -12)**?

$$\begin{aligned} x_m, y_m &= \left( \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \right), \left( \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right) \\ &= \left( \frac{-14 + 85}{2} \right), \left( \frac{62 + (-12)}{2} \right) \\ &= \left( \frac{71}{2} \right), \left( \frac{50}{2} \right) \\ &= 35.5, 25 \end{aligned}$$

/5



**M** ( 35.5 , 25 )

3. A straight line is marked at the ends and at the middle.  
 Given an endpoint at **A (-8.2, 14.6)** and a midpoint at **M (3.1, -5.7)**,  
 where would you expect to find the other endpoint, **B**?

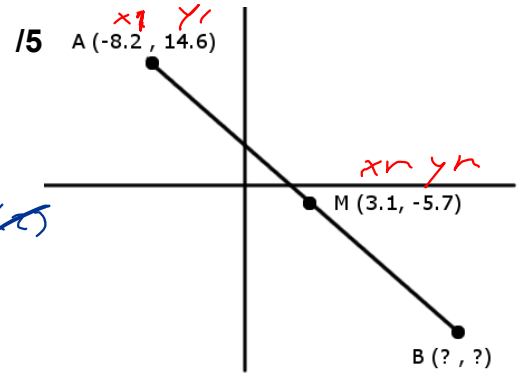
$$x_m, y_m = \left( \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \right), \left( \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

$$3.1 = \frac{-8.2 + x}{2}, \quad -5.7 = \frac{14.6 + y}{2}$$

$$6.2 = -8.2 + x, \quad -11.4 = 14.6 + y$$

$$+8.2 \quad +8.2, \quad -14.6 - 14.6$$

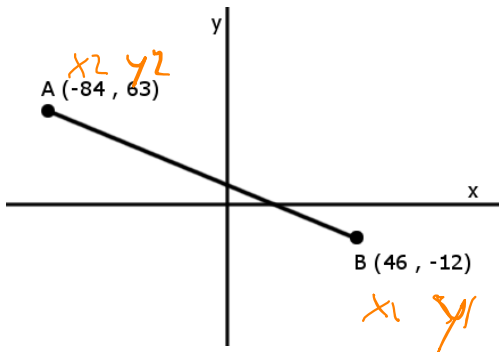
$$14.4 = x, \quad -26 = y$$



$$B ( \underline{14.4}, \underline{-26} )$$

4. What are the coordinates of a point, D, that divides line BA into a ratio of **2:3**, starting from B?  
 B?  $2+3=5 \rightarrow B$

- A (-84, 63)
- B (46, -12)



$$(x_0, y_0) = x_1 + \frac{a}{b} (x_2 - x_1), y_1 + \frac{a}{b} (y_2 - y_1) \quad /5$$

$$x_D = 46 + \frac{2}{5} (63 - 46), \quad -12 + \frac{2}{5} (63 - (-12))$$

$$46 + \frac{2}{5} (-130) \quad -12 + \frac{2}{5} (75)$$

$$46 + (-52) \quad -12 + 30$$

$$-6, \quad 18$$

$$D ( \underline{-6}, \underline{18} )$$

5. A UFO is flying along on a path described by the rule:  $4y + 4x - 60 = 0$

A weather balloon filled with explosive gas is floating along a path described by:

$$4y = 8x + 12$$

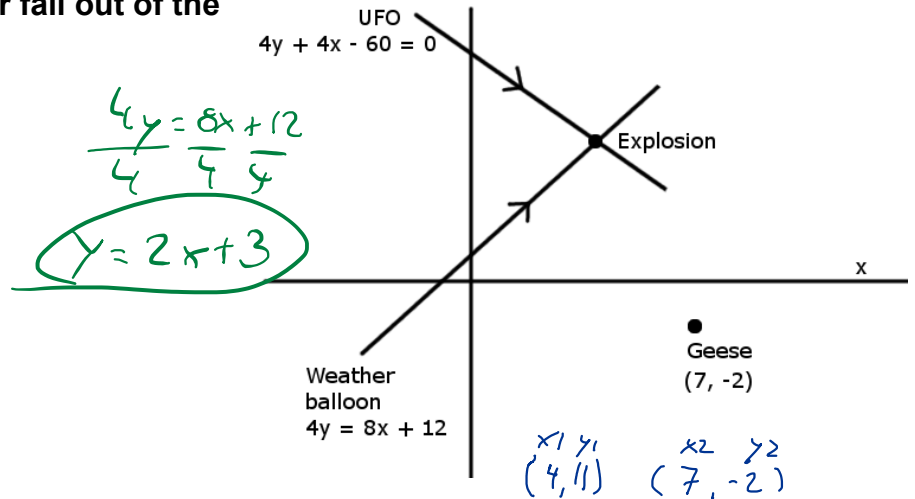
When the two objects collide, everything within a distance of 15 km is vaporized.

At that moment, a flock of geese is flying at coordinates (7, -2).

15

Do the geese avoid the blast or fall out of the sky?

$$\begin{aligned}
 4y + 4x - 60 &= 0 \\
 -4x + 60 & \quad -4x + 60 \\
 \hline
 4y &= -4x + 60 \\
 \hline
 y &= -x + 15
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 -1x + 15 &= 2x + 3 \\
 +1x \quad +1x & \\
 15 &= 3x + 3 \\
 -3 \quad -3 & \\
 \hline
 12 &= 3x \\
 \frac{12}{3} &= \frac{3x}{3} \\
 4 &= x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= -1x + 15 \\
 y &= -1(4) + 15 \\
 y &= -4 + 15 \\
 y &= 11
 \end{aligned}$$

distance

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2} \\
 &\sqrt{(7 - 4)^2 + (-2 - 11)^2} \\
 &\sqrt{(3)^2 + (-13)^2} \\
 &\sqrt{9 + 169} \\
 &\sqrt{178} \\
 &13.3
 \end{aligned}$$

Explosion E ( 4 , 11 )  
 Distance between the E and the geese 13.34 km.  
 Do the geese survive or not? nope